K-SADS MANIA RATING SCALE

BIPOLAR DISORDERS

This rating scale is based on the items from the WASH-U-KSADS (Barbara Geller, M.D.) and the 4th Revision of the KSADS-P (Joaquim Puig-Antich, M.D. and Neal Ryan, M.D.). The following items are to determine the presence of mania or hypomania during a period of time prescribed by the rater/study. At the end of the scale, the rater should note the onset and offset of the time period being rated. If any of the items are judged present, inquire in a general way to determine how s/he was behaving at the time with such questions as, "When you were this way, what kind of things were you doing? How did you spend your time?" If there have been manic periods it is exceedingly important that they are clearly delineated. Whenever two or more items are scored positively, it is important to determine if they occurred at the same time.

If the subject has only described dysphoric mood, the following questions regarding the manic syndrome should be introduced with a statement such as, "I know you have been feeling (____), however, many people have other feelings mixed in or at different times too." The most difficult patients to assess are those in whom manic and depressed symptoms simultaneously coexist, superimposed on each other during the same times (Mixed States). The rater should keep this possibility in mind as s/he goes through this section.

, ,	5 5				
1. ELATION, EXPANSIVE MOOD		Р	С	S	
	titude toward the future which lasted at least to the circumstances. Differentiate from		[]	[]0	No Information
normal mood in chronically depressed subjects. Do not rate positive if mild elation is reported in situations like Christmas gifts, birthdays, amusement parks, which normally overstimulate and make children very excited.				[]1	Not at all, normal, or depressed
Have (there been times when) you terrific or great, or just not your nor If unclear:	felt very good or too cheerful or high or mal self?	[]	[]	[]2	Slight: Good spirits, more cheerful than most people in his/her circumstances, but of only possible clinical significance.
That this is the best of all possibl Have you felt that everything would	or as if there was nothing you couldn't do? e worlds? I work out just the way you wanted? I you were just in a good mood or something	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Definitely elevated mood and optimistic outlook that is somewhat out of proportion to his/her circumstances.
	Did you laugh a lot, get silly? Did you feel en?	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Mood and outlook are clearly out of proportion to circumstances. Noticeable to others.
Related to a mood d/o	P C S	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Quality of euphoric mood way out of proportion to circumstances.
[] Current and Past [] No [] Current [] Past		[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Clearly elated, almost constantly exalted expression, overexpansive.
2. IRRITABILITY AND ANGER					
	ger, crankiness, bad temper, short tempered, ally directed, whether expressed overtly or no		()	S []0	No Information
	to depression or disruptive disorders.	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all, clearly of no clinical significance
Do you get annoyed and irritated o What kinds of things? Have you been feeling mad or ang	or cranky at little things? ry also (even if you don't show it)? How ang	[] ry?	[]	[]2	Slight and doubtful clinical significance.
More than before? What kinds of things make you fee			[]	[]3	Mild: Often (at least 3X/3 hrs. ea. week) feels definitely more angry, irritable than called for by the situation, relatively frequent but never very intense. Or often argumentative, quick to expres annoyance. No homicidal thoughts;
With your family? Your friends? V Has anybody said anything about i	angry, irritable, and/or cranky: All of the time	[] e?	[]	[]4	Moderate: Most days irritable/angry or over 50% of awake time. Often shouts, loses temper. Occasional homicidal thoughts.
When you get mad, what do you the Do you think about killing others? Whom: Do you have a plan? How	Or about hurting them or torturing them?	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: At least most of the time child is aware of feeling very irritable or quite angry or has frequent homicidal thoughts (no plan) or thoughts of hurting others. Or throws and breaks things around the house.
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past [] Current [] Past	P C S Past:	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Most of the time feels extremely angry or irritable, to the point s/he "can't stand it." Or frequent uncontrollable tantrums.
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3. MOOD LABILITY	P []	C	S	No information
Changability of mood; rapid mood variation with several mood states (angry, elated, depressed, anxious, relaxed) within a brief period of time;		[]	[]0	No illioffiation
appears internally driven without regard to circumstances or not related to anything external to the patient. Could be an exaggerated mood change in egard to minor slights, frustrations or positive events.	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all
P C S	[]	[]	[]2	Slight: Some moodiness or mood variation possibly out of proportion to circumstances, but of doubtful significance
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past [] No [] Current [] Past	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Definite mood changes, internally driven or somewhat out of proportion to circumstances, occurring several times per day. Noticeable by others, but does not cause impairment in function or relationships.
	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Many mood changes throughout the day, can vary from elevated mood to anger to sadness within couple of hours; changes in mood clearly out of proportion to circumstances and cause impairment in functioning
	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Rapid mood swings nearly all of the time, with mood intensity way out of proportion to circumstances
[†] Pilot item, not in original K-SADS-MRS	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Constant, explosive variability in mood, several mood changes occurring within minutes, difficult to identiry a particular mood, changes in mood radically out of proportion to circumstances.
1. DECREASED NEED FOR SLEEP				
	Р	С	S	
Less need for sleep than usual in order to feel rested (average for several days when needed less sleep). (Refer to norms on insomnia)	Ü	[]	[]0	No information
Have you needed less sleep than usual to feel rested? How much sleep do you ordinarily need?	[]	[]	[]1	No change or more sleep needed
How much do you sleep when you are feeling so good? Nhen you wake up do you feel good and rested?	[]	[]	[]2	Up to 1 hour less than usual
When you cannot fall asleep or when you get up through the night, what types	[]	[]	[]3	Up to 2 hours less than usual
of things do you do? Natch TV? Read? or do you do active things? (e.g., rearrange furniture?	[]	[]	[]4	Up to 3 hours less than usual
clean house? exercise?) Do you have a lot of thoughts go through your mind when awake? What kinds of thoughts?	[]	[]	[]5	Up to 4 hours less than usual
Jo you worry? About what types of things? How long are you awake? How often during the night? During the week?				
		1 1	1 1 ~	4 an arana harra laga than reveal
low long are you awake: How often during the hight: During the week:	[]	[]	[]6	4 or more hours less than usual
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past [] No [] Current [] Past		S		4 or more nours less than usual

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5. RACING THOUGHTS				
Subjective experience that thinking was markedly accelerated.	P []	C []	s []0	No information
When you were (), were there times when your thoughts raced through your mind?		[]	[]1	Not at all
Did you have more ideas than usual or more than you could handle?	[]	[]	[]2	Doubtful
	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Occasional racing thoughts at least 3 times per week
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Racing thoughts at least 50% of awake time
[] Current and Past [] No	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Racing thoughts most of the time
	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Almost constant racing thoughts
6. UNUSUALLY ENERGETIC				
More active than his/her usual level without expected fatigue.	P []	C []	s []0	No information
Have you had more energy than usual to do things? Did people tell you that you were (are) non-stop?			[]1	No difference than usual or less energetic
Did you agree with them? Did it seem like too much energy? Do you know why? Were you doing too many things? Did you feel tired? When did this happen? (example)		[]	[]2	Slightly more energetic but of questionable significance
	[]	[]	[]3	Little change in activity level but less fatigued than usual
	[]	[]	[]4	Somewhat more active than usual with little or no fatigue
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]5	Much more active than usual with little or no fatigu
[] Current and Past [] No [] Current [] Past	[]	[]	[]6	Unusually active all day long with little or no fatigu
7. INCREASE IN GOAL-DIRECTED ACTIVITY				
	Р	С	S	
As compared with usual level. Consider changes in scholastic, social, sexual, or leisure involvement or activity level associated with work, family, friends, new projects, interests, or activities (e.g., telephone calls, letter writing)			[]0	No information
Is there any time when you were more active or involved in things compared to	[]	[]	[]1	No change or decrease
the way you usually are? What about in school, at your club, scouts, church, at home, friends, hobbies, new projects or interests? Were you doing a lot of things?			[]2	Slightly more interest or activity but of questionable significance
How much of your day has been spent in this? Were you trying to do so many different things that you couldn't keep up?	[]	[]	[]3	Mild but definite increase in general activity level involving several areas
When did this happen? (example)	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate generalized increase in activity level involving several areas
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]5	Marked increase and almost constantly involved in numerous activities in many areas
[] Current and Past [] No	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme, e.g., constantly active in a variety of activities from awakening until going to sleep

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B. MOTOR HYPERACTIVITY				
	Р,	С	S	
Visible manifestations of generalized motor hyperactivity which occurred during a period of abnormally elevated, expansive, or irritable mood. Make certain that the hyperactivity actually occurred and was not merely a	[]	[]	[]0	No information
subjective feeling of restlessness. Make sure it is not chronic but episodic hyperactivity.	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all or retarded
When you were (), were there times when you were (high, feeling so good, so angry) that you were always moving, could not stay put, were unable to sit	[]	[]	[]2	Slight increases which is of doubtful clinical significance
still or you always had to be moving, pacing up and down? Or are you always like that?	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Unable to sit quietly in a chair
	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Paces about a great deal
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past P C S Past:	[]	[]	[]5	Marked: Almost constantly moving and pacing about
[] Current [] Past	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: so hyperactive that s/he would exhaust her/himself if not restrained
. GRANDIOSITY	Р	С	S	
ncreased self-esteem and appraisal of his/her worth, power, or knowledge up to grandiose delusions) as compared with usual level. Persecutory	[]	[]	[]0	No information
lelusions should not be considered evidence of grandiosity unless that subject eels the persecution is due to some special attributes of his/her e.g., power, knowledge).	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all or decreased self esteem
Have you felt more self-confident than usual?	[]	[]	[]2	Slight: somewhat more confident about himself but of doubtful clinical significance
Have you felt much better than others?smarter?stronger? Why? Have you felt that you are a particularly important person or that you had	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Definitely overestimates or axaggerates at least two of his talents, prospects or plans
pecial talents or abilities? Vhat about special plans? Vhen did this happen? (example)	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Disproportionately inflated self-esteem involving several areas of functioning
P C S	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Marked, global, overevaluation of her/himself and her/his abilities, but falls short of tru
Related to a mood d/o Past:	[]	[]	[]6	delusions Extreme: Clear grandiose delusions
[]Current []Past				
10. ACCELERATED, PRESSURED OR INCREASED AMOUNT OF SPEECH				
of EEOH	Ρ,	C	S	No information
When you were (), were there times that you talked very rapidly or talked on and couldn't be stopped?	[]	[]	[]0	No information
Did people say you were talking too much? Could people understand you?	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all of retarded speech
	[]	[]	[]2	Slight increase which is doubtful clinical significance
	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Noticeably more verbose than normal but conversation is not strained
	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: So verbose that conversation is strained
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]5	Marked: So rapid that conversation is difficult to maintain
[] Current and Past [] No	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Talks rapidly or continuously and cannot be interrupted. Conversation extremely difficult or impossible
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11. FLIGHT OF IDEAS (Observed or reported by informant)	Р	С	S	
Accelerated speech with abrupt changes from topic to topic, usually based on understandable associations, distracting stimuli or play on words. In rating	Ü	[]	[]0	No information
severity consider speed of associations, inability to complete ideas and sustain attention in a goal-directed manner. When severe, complete or partial	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all or some other form of
sentences may be galloping on each other so fast that apparent sentence to sentence derailment and/or sentence incoherence may also be present. An extreme example of this symptom is "You have to be quiet to be sad.	[]	[]	[]2	Slight: Occasional instances, which are of doubtful clinical significance
Everything having to do with 's' is quiet-on the q.t, -sit, sob, sigh, sin, sorrow, surcease, sought, sand, sweet mother's love and salvation."	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Occasional instances of abrupt change in topic swith some impairment in understandability. >5% of sentence to sentence transitions are abrupt
Have there been times when people could not understand you? When they said you did not make sense? Could you give me an example?	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Frequent instances with moderate impairment in understandability. >10%
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Very frequent instances with definite impairment in understandability. >25%
[] Current and Past [] No Past:	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Most of speech consists of such rapid changes of topic that is impossible to follow. >50%
	Р	С	S	
Excessive involvement in dangerous activities without recognizing the high potential for painful consequences.	Ü		[]0	No information
When you were (), did you do anything that caused trouble for you or your familyor friends?	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all
What about anything that could have? Did you do things you normally wouldn't do (like giving away a whole lot of things or taking a whole lot of chances)?	[]	[]	[]2	Slight: Of doubtful clinical significance
Did you think of what would happen before you did it? Was there anything that you did that you now think you sould not have done?	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: e.g., Calls friends at odd hours
	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: e.g., Purchases many things she/he doesn't need and can't afford or gives money away
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: e.g., On impulse, goes to places without plans or money and takes too many chances
[] Current and Past Past:	[]	[]	[]6	Very Severe: Attempts activities with potentially very dangerous consequences
3. Inappropriate laughing, joking or grinning.				
Do you sometimes laugh or act silly? Does this happen for no reason?	Р	С	S	
Oo other people notice? Do you laugh out loud in class? Are the other students quietly doing their work? Oo you sometimes act or talk like a much younger child?	[]	[]	[]0	No information
Do you use babytalk? Do you ever crawl like a baby?	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all- laughter appropriate to situation
	[]	[]	[]2	Slight- occasional inappropriate laughter of doubtful significance
	[]	[]	[]3	Mild- (e.g., child receives verbal reprimands from teacher for laughing in class 3 times in one week)
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past [] Current [] Past	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate to severe- (e.g., child sent to principal's office or given detention 3 times or more in one week)
[] Current [] Past				week)



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4. Uninhibited people seeking, gregariousness.				
Do you like meeting new people?	Р	C	S	
Are you friendly with people you just met? On your parents ever complain that you are always bringing new people nome? How often does this happen?		[]	[]0	No information
Do you find yourself bringing home "friends" that your parents have never seen before? How often does this happen?	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all or shy
Oo people comment that you are "the most popular" person at the party? Oo you begin conversations with people you have never met? (e.g., at the nall, do you go up and talk to just anyone)? Are you the type of person who	[]	[]	[]2	Doubtful- occasionally more talkative or social
never met a "stranger"? Are you the "class clown"?	[]	[]	[]3	Mild- definitely present (e.g., parent reprimands child 3 times in one week for talking to strangers)
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past [] No P C S Past:	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate to severe- (e.g., child puts self in danger, cannot be left unsupervised for fear that the child wi leave with strangers; adolescent brings home new acquaintances once a week).
15. Increased productivity.				
Are there times when you atart many more projects than you could possibly	Р	С	S	
complete in an hour's time (e.g., go to music lesson, rearrange your bedroom, blay two different sports, start and art project)?	[]	[]	[]0	No information
Are there times when you feel that you have to produce more than anyone else (e.g., sell 100 times more Girl Scout cookies than anyone else)?	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all- or decreased
	[]	[]	[]2	Doubtful- may start two projects at one time
	[]	[]	[]3	Mild- definitely more productive or initiates several projects at the same time
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past [] Current [] Past	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate to severe- initiates many projects at the same time with unrealistic or unobtainable goals within the time allotted. Won't stop projects to eat o sleep
16. Sharpened and unusually creative thinking.				
Oo you like to write stories, do art projects, draw, paly music, or write songs?	P []	С []	S []0	No information
Do you feel that you are "outstanding" at these activities when you are feeling high?			() 0	
Are there times when you feel that you are "super" creative?	[]	[]	[]1	Not at all- average creativity
	[]	[]	[]2	Doubtful- occasionally shows more creativity than usual, but of doubtful significance
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]3	Mild- definitely present. Spends moretime on creative activities (e.g., writing, drawing, etc.)
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past [] No [] Current [] Past	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate to severe- able to produce imaginative stories, songs, plays or art work better than individual's usual quality in a short time span



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Parent of child 6-12:

Are there times when your child makes inappropriate sexual remarks to a teacher or adult? Does your child like to " talk dirty" (e.g., talk about private parts of the body inappropriately)? Do adults complain that your child touches breasts or other private areas? When at the store does your child have to look at "Playboy" magazines? Does your child search out books or magazines with nude or suggestive pictures? Does your child draw naked people?

Ρ	С	S	
[]	[]	[]0	No information
[]	[]	[]1	Not at all
[]	[]	[]2	Doubtful- occasional sexual comment or gesture
[]	[]	[]3	Mild- makes inappropriate explicit sexual comments, drawings or gestures one time a week
[]	[]	[]4	Moderate to severe- overt sexual behaviors or language occurs multiple times each week or at inappropriate times. Major episode one time a week e.g., adolescent sleeps with 3 partners at the same time

Child 6-12:

What magazines do you like at the store? What types of movies do you like to watch? What kind of pictures do you draw?

Observe child for sexually explicit language or behavior during the interview, e.g., trying to touch the interviewer's body; propositioning the interviewer; talking about seeing sex.

Adolescents:

Are there times when you have to have sex no matter what time of day it is? Are there times when there are not enough sexual partners to meet your needs? Are there times when there are not enough hours in the day to have as much sex as you want and need? Do you talk non-stop about your many sexual conquests? Do you call the sex hotline and run up high phone phone bills?

	Р	С	S
Related to a mood d/o	Past:		
[] Current and Past	1 431.		
[] Current [] Past			

Be sure to distinguish this behavior from provocation to sexual activity in the environment (e.g., see the Sexual Abuse Section of the Psychosocial Schedule for School-Age Children).

18. DISTRACTIBILITY (Observed or reported by informant)

Child presents evidence of difficulty focusing his/her attention on the questions of the interviewer, jumps from one thing to another, cannot keep track of his/her answers, and is drawn by irrelevant stimuli he cannot shut off. Not to be confused with avoidance of uncomfortable themes.

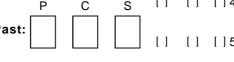
Have you ever been told that you have trouble sticking to what you are supposed to do? did you? Can you give me an example?

Has a teacher told you that you "always" get distracted?

Р	С	5	
[]	[]	[]0	No information
[]	[]	[]1	Not at all
[]	[]	[]2	Slight: Of doubtful clinical significance
[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Present but responds to structuring and repetition
[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Difficult to complete interview because of child's inattentiveness which doesn't respond to structure
[]	[1	[]5	Sovere: Impossible to complete interview because

of child's inattentiveness

Related to a mood d/o
[] Current and Past
[] Current [] Past









19. HALLUCINATIONS

Sometimes children, when they are alone, hear voices or see things, or smell things and they don't quite know where they come from. Has this happened to you?			s []0	No information or N/A
Do you ever hear voices when you are alone? Have you ever seen things that were not there? When did you?	[]	IJ	[]1	Not at all - Absent
What did you see? What did you hear? Has there been anything unusual about the way things sounded?	[]	[]	[]2	Suspected / Possible
How often have you heard these voices (noises)? (smell, feeling, visions) Is it some of the time, only now and then, most of the time, or all of the time?	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Definitely present but subject is generally aware it is his imagination and usually able to ignore it. Occurs no more than once per week.
What do you think it is? Do you think it is your imagination or real? Diid you think it was real when you (heard, saw, etc.) it?	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Generally believes in the reality of the hallucinations, but it has little influence on his behavior. (Or) Occurs at least once per week.
Do you think it's real or your imagination now? What did you do when you (heard, saw, etc.) it?	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Convinced his hallucination is real and significantly effects his actions. i.e.: locks door to keep pursuers away. (or) Occurs frequently.
Related to a mood d/o [] Current and Past [] No P C S Past:	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Actions based on hallucinations have major impact on him or others: Unable to do school work because of constant "conversations." (or) Occurs most of the time.
			s	
20. DELUSIONS Do you know what imaginations is? Tell me. Sometimes does your imagination play tricks on you? What kind of tricks?	P []	C []	[]0	No information
Tell me more about them. Do you have any ideas about things that you don't tell anyone because they might not understand? What are they?	[]	[]	[]1	Definitely not delusional
Do you have any secret thoughts? Tell me about them. Do you believe in other things that other people don't believe in? Like what?	[]	[]	[]2	Suspected
Is anybody out to hurt you? Does anybody control your mind or body (like a robot)? Is anything happening to your body?	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Delusion definitely present but at times subject questions his false belief.
Do you ever feel the world is coming to an end? Do you ever think you are an important or great person? Who?	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Generally has conviction in his false belief.
Are you sure that this (?) is this way? Could there be any other reason for it? Who do you know that it happens as you say? Any other possible explanation?	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Delusion has a significant effect on his actions, e.g., often asks family to forgive his sins, preoccupied with belief that he is a new Messiah.
Do you enjoy making up stories like this? Or is it different from making up stories? (you might suggest other possible explanations and see how the subject reacts to them)	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Actions based on delusions have major impact on him or others, e.g., stops eating because believes food is poisoned.
Did you ever think that this was your imagination? Do you think it could be your imagination? What did you do about?				
Related to a mood d/o	_	Р	C	s ¬ ¬
[] Current and Past [] No	Past:			



21. DISORGANIZED THINKING: Take highest score of (a) or (b).	Р	С	S	No information
21a. SENTENCE INCOHERENCE	U		[]0	No illioillation
Impaired understandability of speech due to distorted grammar, or incompleteness within the sentence or clause, not in the connections between sentences (derailment). Portions of coherent sentences may be observed within a sentence that is incoherent as a whole. Words may be substituted, or			[]1	Not at all - may be difficult to understand due to unnecessary details, little education, rambling or othe nonpathological impediments to clear communication or simple flight of ideas which is completely understandable.
connective words (e.g., and, although, the, a) may be deleted so the meaning is distorted or destroyed.	[]	[]	[]2	Slight: Occasional instances which are doubtful clinical significance.
	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Occasional instances of distorted or idiosyncratispeech but little impairment of understandability. (>5%)
	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Frequent instances with some impairment in understandability. (>10%)
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Very frequent instances with definite impairment in understandability. (>25%)
[] Current and Past [] No		[]	[]6	Extreme: Most of speech is distorted so that it is almost incomprehensible. (>50%)
21b. DERAILMENT: LOOSENING OF SENTENCE-SENTENCE				
ASSOCIATIONS		C []	S []0	No information
Repeatedly saying sentences in juxtaposition which lack a readily understandable relationship, or shifting idiosyncratically from one frame of reference to another. Example: "I'm tired. All people have eyes."		[]	[]1	Not at all - may be difficult to understand due to unnecessary details, little education, rambling or othe nonpathological impediments to clear communication
There is a vague or disjointed connection of ideas. The slippage is usually slow and steady; the speaker gets further and further off the track so that his reply no longer has any connection to the question asked.				or simple flight of ideas which is completely understandable.
Distinguish from flight of ideas in the context of acclerated speech with abrupt changes of topic based on understandable associations.	[]	[]	[]2	Slight: Occasional instances which are doubtful clinical significance.
	[]	[]	[]3	Mild: Occasional instances of distorted or idiosyncrat speech but little impairment in understandability (>5%
	[]	[]	[]4	Moderate: Frequent instances with some impairment in understandability. (>10%)
Related to a mood d/o	[]	[]	[]5	Severe: Very frequent instances with definite impairment in understandability. (>25%)
[] Current and Past [] No	[]	[]	[]6	Extreme: Most of speech is distorted so that it is almost incomprehensible. (>50%)



Current time period rated:
Onset:
Number of days during rating period with = 4 hours of manic syptoms:
Percentage of rated time period that subject had manic symptoms:
Most severe past time period rated:
Onset:
Number of days during rating period with = 4 hours of manic syptoms:
Percentage of rated time period that subject had manic symptoms:



